MISSOURI STATE BOARD OF HEALTH BUREAU OF VITAL STATISTICS 26144 CERTIFICATE OF DEATH stated RXACTLY. PHYSICIANS should state statestated to OCCUPATION is very important. 1. PLACE OF DEATH Redistration District No. Primary Redistration District No. Reflatered No. 2. FULL NAME. (If nonresident give city or town and State) (Usual place of abode) Leadth of residence in city or town where death occurred How long in U.S., if of fareign birth? PERSONAL AND STATISTICAL PARTICULARS MEDICAL CERTIFICATE OF DEATH 4. COLOR OR RACE SINGLE, MARRIED, WIDOWED OR 16. DATE OF DEATH (MONTH, DAY AND YEAR) CERTIFY. That I attended deceased from SA. IF MARRIED, WIDOWED OR DIVORCED ang 30 192 g HUSBAND COL Ild be 6. DATE OF BIRTH (MONTH, DAY AND YEAR 7. ÁGE YEARS Монтив DAYS If LESS than 1 day, 8. OCCUPATION OF DECEASED (a) Trade, profession, er particular kind of work ... (b) General nature of industry. business, or establishment in which employed (or employer), (c) Name of employer 18. WHERE WAS DISEASE CONTRACTED 9. BIRTHPLACE (CITY OR TOWN) IF NOT AT PLACE OF DEATHY (STATE OR COUNTRY) DID AN OPERATION PRECEDE DEATHY. M.O. 8 10. NAME OF FATHER N. B.—Every item of information at CAUSE OF DEATH in plain terms, 11. BIRTHPLACE OF FATHER (CITY (STATE OR COUNTRY) (Sideod)..... 12. MAIDEN NAME OF MOTHER ٠, 19 *State the Dinnash Causing Drafts, or in deaths from Violuni Causing state 13. BIRTHPLACE OF MOTHER (city on (1) MEANS AND NATURE OF INSURY, and (2) whether Accedental, Suicidal, or (STATE OR COUNTRY) HOMICIDAL. (See reverse side for additional space.) 14. 19. PLACE OF BURIAL CREMATION, OR REMOVAL DATE OF BURIAL (Address) 15. 20. UNDERTAKER ADDRESS Lass

Revised United States Standard Certificate of Death

[Approved by U. S. Census and American Public Health Association.]

Statement of Occupation. - Precise statement of occupation is very important, so that the relative healthfulness of various pursuits can be known. The question applies to each and every person, irrespective of age. For many occupations a single word or term on the first line will be sufficient, e.g., Farmer or Planter, Physician, Compositor, Architect, Locomotive engineer, Civil engineer, Stationary fireman, etc. But in many cases, especially in industrial employments, it is necessary to know (a) the kind of work and also (b) the nature of the business or industry, and therefore an additional line is provided for the latter statement: it should be used only when needed. As examples: (a) Spinner, (b) Cotton mill; (a) Salesman. (b) Grocery: (a) Foreman, (b) Automobile factorn. The material worked on may form part of the second statement. Never return "Laborer," "Foreman," "Manager," "Dealer," etc., without more precise specification, as Day laborer, Farm laborer. Laborer-Coal mine, etc. Women at home, who are engaged in the duties of the household only (not paid Housekeepers who receive a definite salary), may be entered as Housewife, Housework or Allhome, and children, not gainfully employed, as At school or At home. Care should be taken to report specifically... the occupations of persons engaged in demesticservice for wages, as Servant, Cook, Housemaid, etc. If the occupation has been changed or given up on. account of the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH, State occupation at beginning of illness. If retired from business, that fact may be indicated thus: Farmer (retired. 6 urs.) For persons who have no occupation whatever, write None.

Statement of cause of Death.—Name, first,—the disease causing death (the primary affection) with respect to time and causation), using always the same accepted term for the same disease. Examples: Cerebrospinal fever (the only definite synonym is "Epidemic cerebrospinal meningitis"); Diphtheria (avoid use of "Croup"); Typhoid fever (never report

"Typhoid pneumonia"); Lobar pneumonia; Bronchopneumonia ("Pneumonia," unqualified, is indefinite); Tuberculosis of lungs, meninges, peritoneum; etc., Carcinoma, Sarcoma, etc., of (name origin: "Cancer" is less definite; avoid use of "Tumor" for malignant neoplasms); Measles; Whooping cough; Chronic valvular heart disease; Chronic interstitial nephritis, etc. The contributory (secondary or intercurrent) affection need not be stated unless important. Example: Measles (disease causing death), 129 ds.; Bropchoppeumonia (secondary), 10 ds. Never report mere symptoms or terminal conditions, such as "Asthonia" 'Anemia' (merely symptomotic), "Atrophy," ("Collapse," "Compa,", "Convulsions," "Debility" ("Congenital," "Senile,", etc.), "Dropsy," "Exhaustion," "Heart sailure;" "Hemforrhage," "Insuition," "Marasmus," "Old age," "Shock," "Uremia," "Weakness," atc., when a definite disease can be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify all diseases resulting from childbirth or miscarriage, as "Puenpenal septicemia," "Puerperal peritonilis," ,etc." State cause for which surgical operation was undertaken. For VIOLENT DEATHS State MEANS OF INJURY and qualify BS ACCIDENTAL, SUICIDAL, OF HOMICIDAL, OF SS probably such, if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: Accidental drowning; struck by railway train-accident; Revolver wound of headhomicide; Poisoned by carbolic acid-probably suicide. The nature of the injury, as fracture of skull, and consequences (e. g., sepsis, tetanus) may be stated under the head of "Contributory." (Recommendations on statement of cause of death approved by Committee on Nomenclature of the American Médical Association.)

Norz.—Individual offices may add to above list of undesirable terms and rofuse to accept certificates containing them. Thus the form in use in New York City states: "Certificates will be returned for additional information which give any of the following diseases, without explanation, as the sole cause of death: Abortion, cellulitis, childbirth, convulsions, hemorrhage, gangrene, gastritis, crysipelas, meningitis, miscarriage, necrosis, peritonitis, phlobitis, pyemia, sopticemia, tetanus." But general adoption of the minimum list suggested will work wast improvement, and its scope can be extended at a later date.